



WEBINAR

Kinship Care Learning Series #3 | Kinship care during emergencies and across borders







Introduction

Learning series - Kinship care - Nov 2022 - July 2023

Inter-agency global guidance on kinship care - ongoing

Paradox of kinship care (2019)

A diverse, global alliance of **46 local civil** society organisations in **38 countries**.



Standing together against



Introducing our panelists



Rima Mohsen
Save The Children
Lebanon



Carolyn Housman
Children and Families
Across Borders
(CFAB)
UK



Frances Edwards
Family Rights Group
UK



Kinship Care during Emergencies and Across Borders

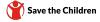
Lebanon is undergoing a series of overlapping crises on the political, economic, social front, compounded by the COVID-19 pandemic and the impacts from the devastating blast in the port of Beirut on August 4, 2020.

These crises are reinforcing existing vulnerabilities as well devastating humanitarian implications for livelihoods, food security, health, and wellbeing.



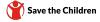
Ten years into the Syria conflict, Lebanon remains at the forefront of one of the worst humanitarian crises. The Government of Lebanon estimates that the country hosts 1.5 million of the 6.6 million Syrians who have fled the conflict since 2011.

- Huge influx of refugees has a significant impact on Lebanon's population who are considered most vulnerable due to the socio-economic crisis that pushed almost the entire Syrian refugee population into a situation of severe protection vulnerabilities.
- Lack of access to basic social services, protection and livelihood opportunities, among the displaced population and the host community, has increased the vulnerabilities of already deprived families.
- Violence, exploitation and abuse against children in the home, community and schools are recognized as a priority for the response



The Alternative Care guidelines pilot was drafted in 2019 targeting children in need of protection from abuse and neglect who have already been separated from parents or are at high risk of this separation in need for family based alternative care setting.

- This pilot aimed to contribute to wider efforts in Lebanon to ensure that children can grow up within families.
- Provides technical procedures for social workers to assess, match, place and support alternative carers- Extended family members to host children whether emergency- short- medium- and long-term placement.
- Focus on the decision for a child to go into alternative care MUST be based on a comprehensive and holistic assessment of the child's situation and be in their best interests.



Key activities in relation to supporting kinship care:

- Ensure that more children at risk of or having experienced abuse and neglect can remain with their parents or other extended family members.
- To give social workers the option to place children in another family setting such as kinship or foster care.
- Extended family caregivers should always be explored as an option before the option of placement with a host family or other residential care.
- To maintain the contact and that children are re-integrated into their biological caregivers as soon as possible when possible.



The crises have affected the need for kinship care:

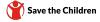
Save the Children have been working since 2015 mainly with refugee kinship carers due to the:

- Huge numbers of separated and unaccompanied children that fled to Lebanon to work or left their biological caregivers for protection concerns.
- Struggling to find appropriate protective alternative care solutions for children at risk in need for urgent placements due to protection concerns in line with the best interests of the child.

For the support needs of kinship care families

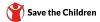
Save the children worked on the best interest and wellbeing of the child while placing in kinship care by:

- Ensuring basic needs, medication and core relief items of the child are met.
- Providing the extended carers with parenting skills to support the child and recover.
- o Referring children for specialized mental health psychosocial support.
- Case management for the child, extended family and biological caregivers



Save the Children has supported kinship care through:

- Awareness about the risks caused by institutional care, increase understanding
 of community attitudes towards family based alternative care through delivering
 social behavior sessions which focus on different child protection topics such as
 violence, child marriage and child labor, as well disseminating family
 preservation family unity key messages.
- Conduct trainings for extended families on the SCI "Kinship and Host family toolkit" in order to strengthen the capacity of caregivers to provide adequate care for hosted children as well ensuring the appropriate development of the children psychically, emotionally, mentally and socially.
- Link the extended caregivers with available social protection service mapping and livelihood within the communities to sustain long term placement without any breakdown in the placement.
- Capacity building for social workers and caseworkers on the alternative care guidelines and procedures through training, case discussions and case conferences.







CFAB is the UK branch of the International Social Service network

What we'll cover



- Who is CFAB?
- What is international kinship care?
- Scenarios
- International kinship care: UK study?
- What additional information needs to be considered in international kinship care cases?





About Us

CFAB changed its name from International Social Service UK to Children and Families Across Borders in 2009

- UK Branch of International Social Service
- Established in the UK in 1955
- The only NGO in the UK which specialises in the provision of inter-country social work
- Provides assistance to vulnerable children in public law and private law cases

The Network-International Social Service



CFAB is the UK Branch of the International Social Service network

- Network established in 1924
- Provides assistance on cases involving vulnerable adults and children that cross international borders
- Has a presence in 120 countries
- General Secretariat based in Geneva
- Network members government agencies, central authorities, charities

What CFAB does: **Our Services**



For further details and costs, please see our website for further details. www.cfab.org.uk

Advice Line

CFAB runs a free Advice Line, five days per week, to provide guidance and practical support on cross-border children and family cases.



Reporting child protection concerns to child welfare organisations abroad within 24 hours.

Record checks

Requesting and receiving social services records and information from authorities abroad

Welfare checks and home visits

A visit made by an overseas social service professional to the family home usually to ascertain the safety and welfare of the children and their living circumstances

Assessments

(including initial, kinship, parenting and best interest assessments)

Requesting and obtaining assessments from our partners overseas.



Pre-placement preparation

Direct support to prepare the family ahead of the arrival of the child.



Post placement support

Welfare visits by an overseas professional to confirm the children's health, safety, routine and emotional development within the new family environment



Life story work

Direct support for the child to help them process their feelings, to come to terms with their current circumstances linking to events in their past, to make sense of their present and to develop a clear sense of identity for the future.



Family reunification - in the UK

Practical and emotional support for young refugees who are reunited with family members in the UK. We also offer assessments for the family reunification process.















Additional ISS services:



- International Adoption
- International Tracing
- International Surrogacy
- International Family Mediation
- Child Abduction
- Moving Children with Disabilities to Family Care Settings



Defining Kinship Care

Family-based care within the child's extended family or with close friends of the family known to the child, whether formal or informal in nature.

(UN Guidelines for the Alternative Care of Children)



Equity in Permanence Planning

Based in UN Convention on Rights of Child

- Article 2 non-discrimination
- Article 3 best interests
- Article 8 preservation of identity and family relationships
- Article 20 respect of culture, language and religion in alternative care



Scenarios



Scenario 1: Asylum Kinship

Care





Scenario 2: Refugee kinship care





Scenario 3: Family care







International Kinship Care: UK study

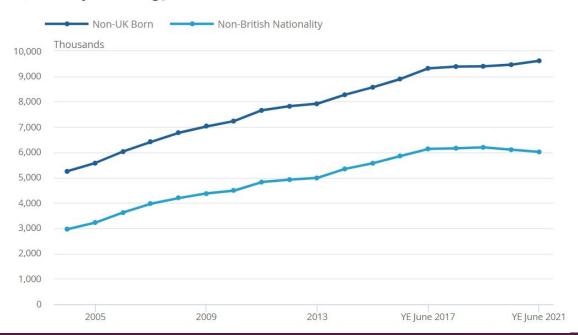


Countries of birth: UK population



Figure 1: Non-UK-born and non-British populations remain broadly stable

Estimates of the non-UK-born and non-British resident population of the UK, 2004 to year ending June 2021



The International UK



More children on the move & families separated by borders than since World War II

Out of all live births in England & Wales in 2020*:

Just over 1/3 of babies born had at least one parent born outside the UK 66.4% of babies born in London had at least one parent who was born outside the UK

CFAB estimates there are over **18,500** children in care with family overseas.

*This is the highest proportion since 1969, when information on parents' country of birth was first collected at birth registration. Statistics from the Office for National Statistics 2020.

The International UK: the reality



Freedom of Information Results (2022)

Nation	Children in Care (2019)	% of Las which explored family overseas (2019)	% of children in care placed with family overseas (2019)
Scotland	16,530	19% (out of 32)	.01% (2 children)
Wales	7,170	14% (out of 22)	.03% (2 children)
England	78,150	11% (out of 152)	.04% (34 children)
Northern Ireland	3,281	40% (out of 5)	.5% (c. 17 children)
Total	105,131		.05%





international family placements explored led to the child/ren being placed



Hague 1996 Contracting States

- Albania
- Armenia
- Australia
- Austria
- Barbados
- Belgium
- Bulgaria
- Costa Rica
- Croatia
- Cuba
- Cyprus
- Czech Republic
- Denmark
- Dominican Republic
- Ecuador
- Estonia
- Fiji
- Finland

- France
- Georgia
- Germany
- Greece
- Guyana
- Honduras
- Hungary
- Ireland
- Italy
- Latvia
- Lesotho
- Lithuania
- Luxembourg
- Malta
- Monaco
- Montenegro
- Morocco
- Netherlands

- Nicaragua
- Norway
- Paraguay
- Poland
- Portugal
- Romania
- Russian Federation
- Serbia
- Slovakia
- Slovenia
- Spain
- Sweden
- Switzerland
- Turkey
- Ukraine
- United Kingdom
- Uruguay

An up-to-date table of contracting states is available on the HCCH Website: www.hcch.net

In 2020/21, we took enquiries from 176 UK local authorities on children and families cases involving 132 different countries.



1.Spain	16. Jamaica	31. Lebanon	46. Ireland
2.Lithuania	17. Viet Nam	32. Mauritius	47. Israel
3.Germany	18. Belgium	33. Namibia	48. Malawi
4.Latvia	19. Ghana	34. Romania	49. Malta
5.Portugal	20. Bangladesh	35. Slovak Republic	50. Morocco
6.Canada	21. Bulgaria	36. Algeria	51. Philippines
7.Pakistan	22. China	37. Cameroon	52. Poland
8.Australia	23. Dominican Republic	38. Cyprus, Republic of	53. Rwanda
9.Nigeria	24. France	39. Ecuador	54. Switzerland
10.South Africa	25. Thailand	40. Ethiopia	55. Trinidad and
11.United States of America	26. Turkey	41. Gambia	Tobago
12.Netherlands	27. Albania	42. Guinea	56. Tunisia
13.Czech Republic	28. Bermuda	43. Guinea - Bissau	57. Uganda
14.Italy	29. India	44. Hungary	58. Ukraine
15.Greece	30. Japan	45. Indonesia	59. Zimbabwe



Next Steps: International Kinship Care



Respecting human rights



- UN Convention on the Rights of the Child
 - Best interests (art 3)
 - Identity and family relations (art 8)
 - Family reunification (art 10)
 - The child's right to express his/her views

The Committee on the Rights of the Child has as ultimate objective a durable solution that respects the child's best interest and family reunification is seen as a durable solution

- European Convention on Human Rights
- African Charter on the Rights and Welfare of the Child
- Joint Statement on Reaffirmation of Commitment to Advancing The Rights of The Child in ASEAN

Practical considerations



- Nationality/ citizenship of child AND family
- Considering country of origin and transit countries, particularly for refugees
- Recognition of legal orders
- Recognising additional support needs
- Contingency planning
- Managing contact

Key Resource

CFAB protecting CHILDREN AND uniting FAMILIES ACROSS BORDERS

International Kinship Care Guide



Further Resources



ISS practical guide: <u>Children on the Move: from protection to a quality sustainable solution</u>
Initiative for Child Rights in the Global Compacts

UASC Health - https://www.uaschealth.org/ This site contains key documents, templates, tools and clinical guidance used in Kent to support the health needs of our unaccompanied asylum-seeking children population

London Safeguarding Trafficked Children Toolkit

https://dera.ioe.ac.uk/201/1/london_safeguarding_trafficked_children_toolkit_july_2009.pdf - In the appendix section you can find tools such as 'The assessment framework for trafficked children' and a risk matrix

Liberty – A guide to the Hostile Environment

https://www.libertyhumanrights.org.uk/policy/policy-reports-briefings/guide-hostile-environment-border-cont rols-dividing-our-communities-%E2%80%93 –Signs of Safety approach, created by Andrew Turnell & Steve Edwards https://www.signsofsafety.net/signs-of-safety/

Coram Migrant Children's Project

https://www.coram.org.uk/how-we-do-it/upholding-childrens-rights/migrant-childrens-project - Resources and information aimed at informing professionals on how to support children access their rights and services Book: Social Work with Refugees, Asylum Seekers and Migrants: Theory and Skills for Practice edited by Rachel Larkin, Lauren Wroe, Reima Ana Maglajlic - Each chapter speaks to a skill and knowledge area that is key to this work, bringing together myriad voices from across disciplines, interspersed with the vital perspectives of asylum seekers, refugees and migrants themselves.

Call our Advice Line



Call 020 7735 8941
Monday to Friday
09.30 am - 4.30 pm

Contact us

Website: www.cfab.org.uk

Email: <u>info@cfab.org.uk</u>

www.facebook.com/CFABUK





You're invited to join the social network for child rights practitioners







Thank you!